Performance Results of CERES Instrument Sensors aboard EOS Terra and Aqua Spacecraft using Tropical Ocean Measurements

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OUTLINE

- BRIEF DESCRIPTION ON CERES
- VALIDATION STUDIES CONDUCTED ON THE CERES SENSORS
- TROPICAL MEAN (TM) STUDY AND IT'S APPLICATIONS
- TM RESULTS FOR CERES INSTRUMENTS
- CONCLUSION

CERES EXPERIMENT

- MEASURE TOP OF THE ATMOSPHERE (TOA) AND SURFACE RADIATIVE FLUXES AS CONTINUATION OF THE EARTH RADIATION BUDGET (ERB) MEASUREMENTS
- PROVIDE CLOUD PROPERTY ESTIMATES CONSISTENT WITH RADIATIVE FLUXES FROM SURFACE TO TOA
- 4 OPERATIONAL CERES INSTRUMENTS ON-ORBIT
 - FLIGHT MODELS 1&2(FM1 & FM2) TERRA
 - FLIGHT MODELS 3&4(FM3 & FM4) AQUA

CERES SENSOR CHARACTERISTICS

• DETECTOR: BLACKENED THERMISTOR BOLOMETER

• SAMPLE TIME: 10 MILLISECONDS

• SCAN PERIOD: 6.6 SECONDS

• FOV@NADIR: (20) KM

• CHANNELS TOTAL SHORTWAVE WINDOW

• SPECTRAL $0.3 - >100 \mu m$ $0.3 - 5.0 \mu m$ $8.0 - 12.0 \mu m$

RANGE

CALIBRATION & VALIDATION STUDIES

- ON-BOARD CALIBRATION UNITS

 INTERNAL CALIBRATION MODULE (ICM)

 MIRROR ATTENUATOR MOSAIC (MAM)
- VALIDATION STUDIES

 TROPICAL MEAN ANALYSIS

 THREE CHANNEL INTERCOMPARISON
 DIRECT COMPARISON OF SENSORS

TROPICAL MEAN (TM) STUDY

- TM IS THE AVERAGE OF NADIR RADIANCES OVER TROPICAL OCEAN UNDER ALL SKY CONDITIONS.
- INDIVIDUAL SAMPLES ARE IN LATITUDE REGION OF +/-20° FROM EQUATOR.
- THE AVERAGE DAILY TM RADIANCE SHOULD BE IN THE MEAN LATITUDE OF 0.1 +/-2° AND LONGITUDE OF 185 +/-20°

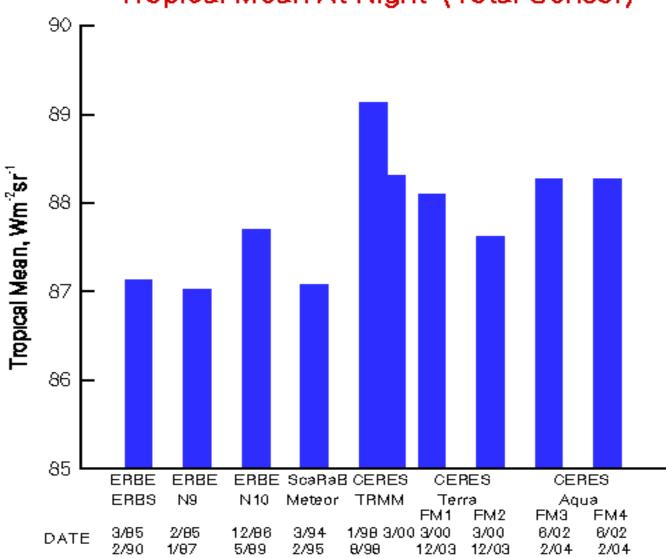
TROPICAL MEAN (TM) STUDY

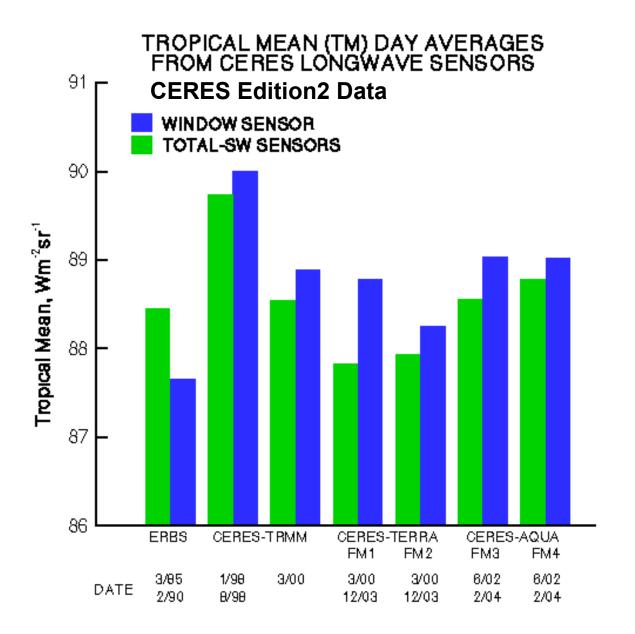
- CHOICE OF TROPICAL OCEAN MINIMIZES THE DUIRNAL EFFECT IN THE DATA.
- THE DUIRNAL EFFECT IN TM VALUE IS MODELLED AND CORRECTION IS APPLIED FOR ADJUSTING TM VALUE TO A COMMON TIME.
- NOON ORBIT IS TAKEN AS THE COMMON TIME FOR TM STUDY.

LONGWAVE (LW) TM VALUE

- LONGWAVE NIGHT-TIME TM IS VERY STABLE OVER TIME.
- 5-YEAR TM DATA FROM ERBS INSTRUMENT IS USED TO VALIDATE THE TM STATISTIC.
- DAYTIME LW TM VALUE WAS DERIVED BY TWO METHODS
 - TOTAL AND SHORTWAVE SENSORS
 - LONGWAVE (WINDOW) SENSOR

Tropical Mean At Night (Total Sensor)





TM DAY-NIGHT DIFFERENCE (DN)

- DAY-NIGHT DIFFERENCE (DN) IS CALCULATED FROM BOTH LONGWAVE SENSORS.
 - 1. TOTAL AND SHORTWAVE SENSOR

 DN_{TOT.SW} = TM(day, Tot-sw) TM(night, Tot)
 - 2. LONGWAVE/WINDOW SENSOR

 DN LW = TM(day, LW) TM(night, LW)

TM DAY-NIGHT DIFFERENCE (DN)

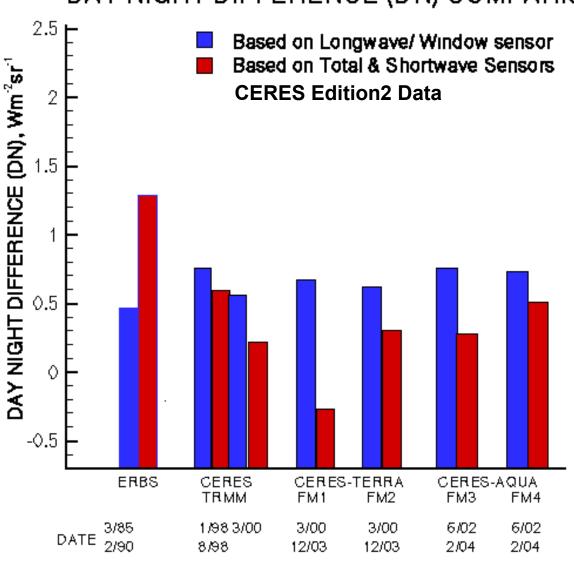
• DN FROM WINDOW SENSOR IS MORE RELIABLE SINCE IT IS INSENSITIVE TO CALIBRATION ERROR.

• AVERAGE DN VALUE FROM WINDOW SENSOR FOR ALL CERES INSRUMENTS IS 0.68 +/-0.08 Wm⁻²sr⁻¹.

TM DAY-NIGHT DIFFERENCE (DN)

- DN FROM TOTAL-SHORTWAVE SENSORS IS SENSITIVE TO CALIBRATION DRIFTS IN EITHER OF THE SENSORS.
- DN FROM TOTAL-SHORTWAVE SENSORS IS MORE VARIABLE BETWEEN CERES INSTRUMENTS.
- AVEREAGE VALUE FOR ALL CERES INSRUMENTS IS 0.27 +/-0.3 Wm⁻²sr⁻¹.

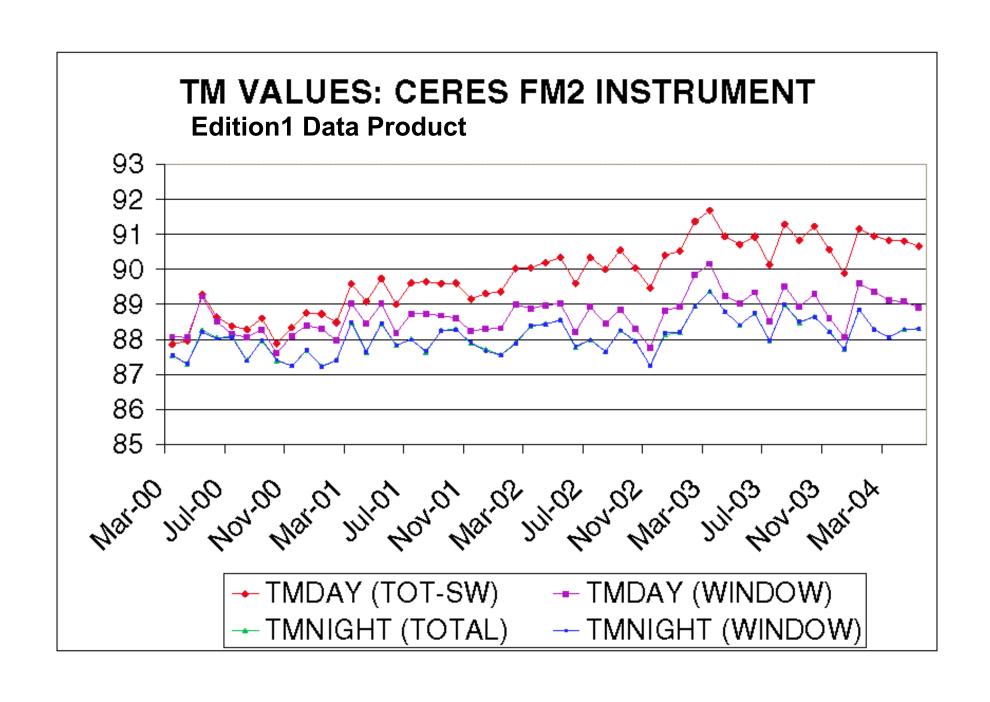
DAY NIGHT DIFFERENCE (DN) COMPARISON

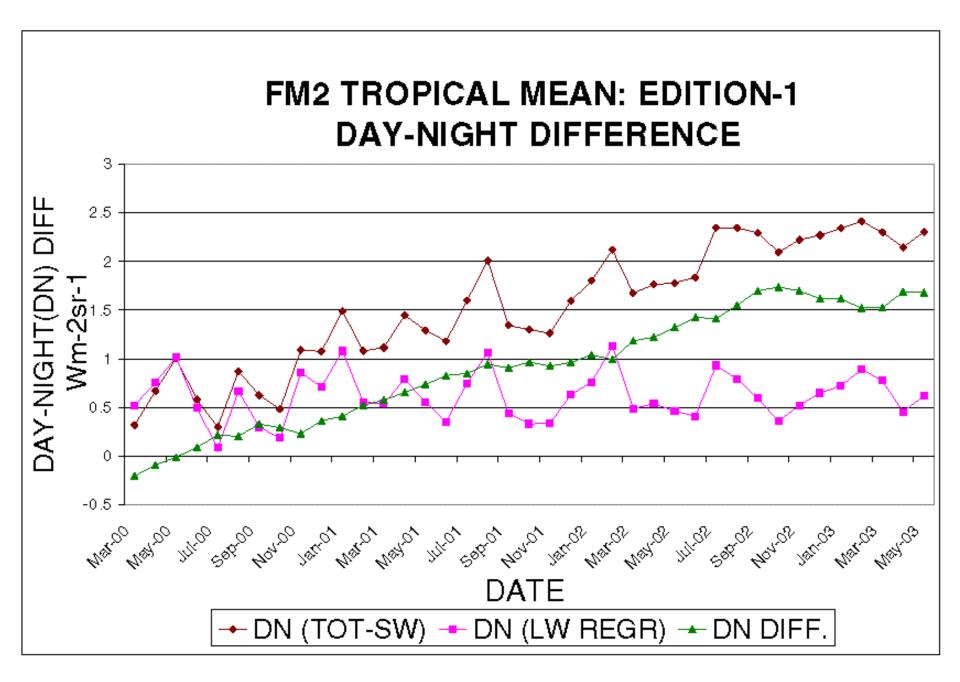


DIFFERENCE IN TM DN VALUE

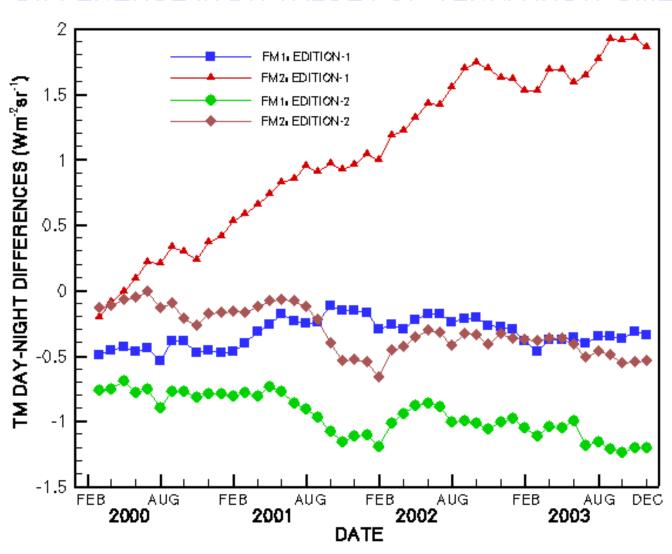
• DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE TWO DN VALUES WILL TEST THE CONSISTENCY BETWEEN THE THREE SENSORS.

• TIME HISTORY OF THIS DIFFERENCE WILL SHOW ANY DRIFT THAT MAY OCCUR BETWEEN THE SENSORS.

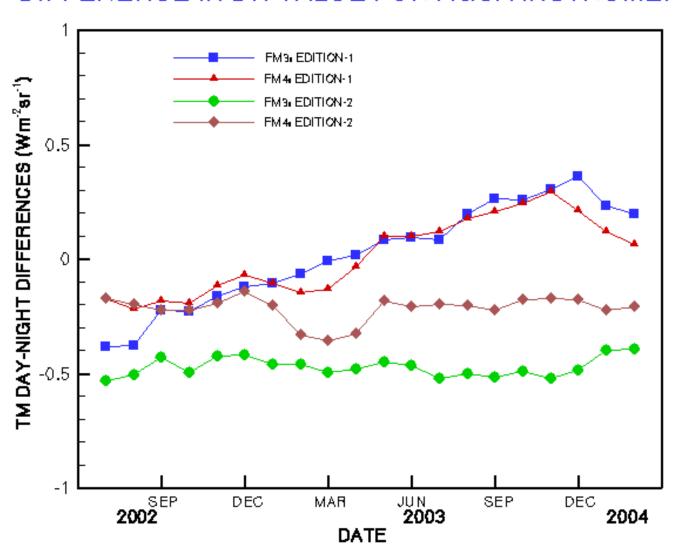




DIFFERENCE IN DN VALUE FOR TERRA INSTRUMENTS



DIFFERENCE IN DN VALUE FOR AQUA INSTRUMENTS



DIFFERENCE IN TM DN VALUE

• THE DN DIFFERENCE RESULTS FOR ALL CERES INSTRUMENTS HAVE SHOWN A RISE WITH THE EDITION-1 DATA.

• THE SHORTWAVE PORTION OF THE TOTAL SENSOR IS CORRECTED TO ACCOUNT FOR THE DRIFT.

CONCLUSION

- TROPICAL MEAN (TM) IS A POWERFUL TOOL FOR INTERCOMPARISON BETWEEN CERES SENSORS.
- THE AVERAGE NIGHT TIME TM FOR CERES INSTRUMENTS ON TERRA AND AQUA SPACECRAFT IS 88.1 +/-0.3 Wm⁻²sr⁻¹. CERES INSTRUMENTS ARE SHOWING A HIGHER TM VALUE THAN THE ERBS BASELINE VALUE OF 87.13 Wm⁻²sr⁻¹.

CONCLUSION

- TM ANALYSIS ALONG WITH OTHER VALIDATION STUDIES HAVE INDICATED A RISE IN THE DAYTIME MEASUREMENT OF TOTAL SENSOR ON ALL CERES INSTRUMENTS. CORRECTIONS ARE DONE ON EDITION-2 DATA.
- EDITION1 VS. EDITION2 (EDITION3)